

How to design a universal good DC plan Evidence from Sweden, Netherlands, Chile and Australia

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Context

Path dependent

Political convictions

Social acceptance of poverty

Workplace pension is a residual:

State pension – Universal or income tested?

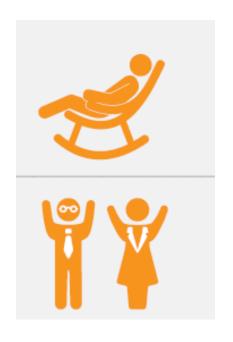
Social welfare - Housing allowance, other benefits?

Labour laws - A set retirement age or not?

Fiscal treatment – EET or TEE?

Pension laws – Lump sum or variable annuities?

Trend spotting







Ageing

Career

Automation

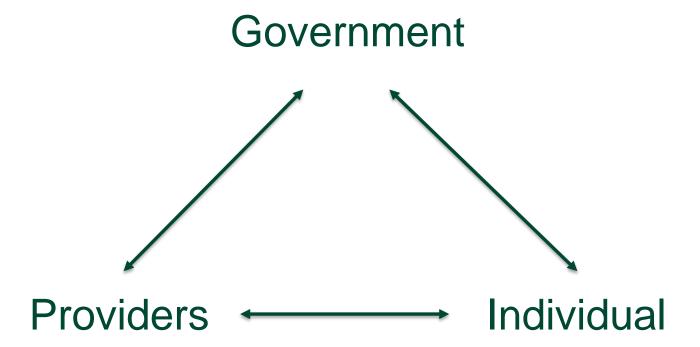
But,

Social institutions are built for the industrialisation!



Universal good DC design

All agree on "good", but for whom?



Funded Pension Policy Journeys

Stage 4:

- Government solutions
- More regulation



Stage 3: (iterative):

- Financial education
- More transparency

Stage 1:

- Consumer is economically rational
- Fiscal incentives

Stage 2:

- Mandatory savings
- Markets are efficient

My observations from pension systems

Design:

Consumer are not willing to act as the principal

Implementation:

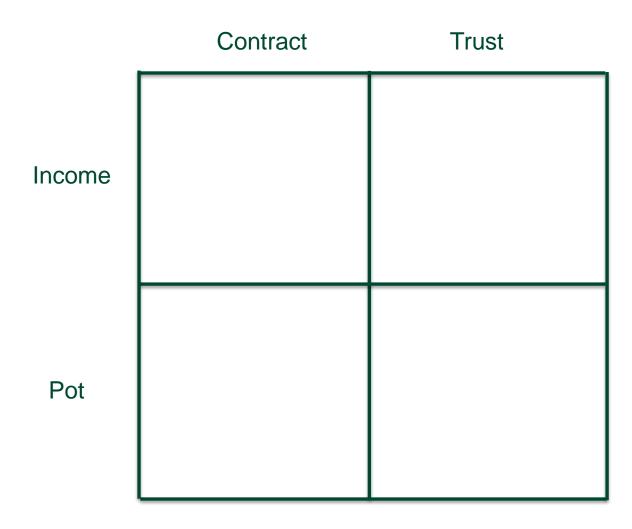
'Retail' market is not clearing on price and quality

But politicians

- "Mark-to-Ideology", not "Mark-to-Reality"
- Shy away from accountability

DC design in practice

Syntax Error: Current IDC vs CDC debate



Dutch model - mandatory lifelong incomes

Dutch Collective DC

- Trust based pension solution
- Variable annuity with DB accounting
- Challenges with intergenerational fairness

Dutch Individual DC

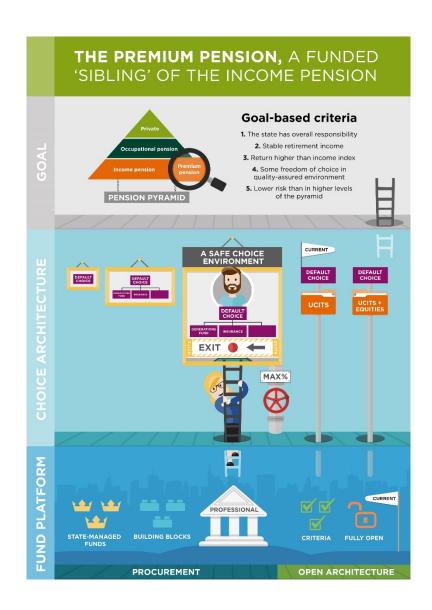
- Contract based solution
- Variable annuities (since 2016)
- Smoothing your income with yourself



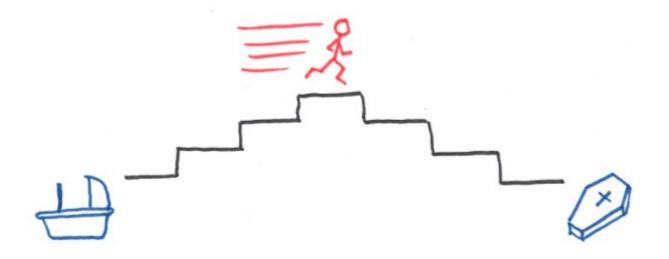


Swedish Review: Key design areas in DC

- Take ownership
 - Set the goals
 - Governance
- Choice architecture
 - Focus on the consumer
 - Mifid II
- Appoint a "Sheriff" of the fund platform
 - Competition: Price / Quality
 - Quality assurance



Why I binned life cycle investing



https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/why-i-binned-life-cycle-investing-stefan-lundbergh/